

EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS) pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name				
Electrical circuits				
Course				
Field of study		Year/Semester		
Electronics and Telecommunications		1/11		
Area of study (specialization)		Profile of study		
		general academic		
Level of study		Course offered in		
First-cycle studies		English		
Form of study		Requirements		
full-time		compulsory		
Number of hours				
Lecture	Laboratory classes	Other (e.g. online)		
30	0			
Tutorials	Projects/seminars			
30	-/-			
Number of credit point	S			
5				
Lecturers				
Responsible for the course/lecturer: R		sible for the course/lecturer:		

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Prerequisites

Student shoud have a systematic knowledge of matematical analysis, algebra and physics. He should know the limits of his own knowledge and abilities, uderstand the need for ongoing education.

Course objective

Understanding of electromagnetic phenomena in circuit components and networks as objects transfering energy and signals. Ability to describe these phenomena and to analyze the circuit in order to get knowledge and for the practical needs of the research and design of electronic and telecommunications systems.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge

- 1. Knows the basic laws in circuit theory: voltage and current Kirchoff's laws .
- 2. Knows the characteristics and basic branch equations of linear elements.



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3. Knows the basic circuit analysis methods. In particular is familiar with method of complex numbers and the method of Laplace transform.

4. Knows the two-port description of circuit using a matrices Z, Y, H, A, and S.

5. Knows basic computer tools helpful in circuit analysis and simulation.

Skills

1. Is able to obtain the information from literature and other sources; is able to integrate obtained information, interprete it, draw conclusions and justify opinions.

2. Is able to use various analytical methods to formulate and solve problems in circuit theory.

3. Is able to solve typical tasks and problems related to the analysis of linear and nonlinear electrical circuits.

4. Is able to determine the transient response of a simple system.

Social competences

1. Is able to self-learning (textbooks, computer programs).

2. Behaves actively in class, asks questions, knowingly uses the contact with the teacher (eg consultations).

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Knowledge acquired during the lecture is verified on the basis of an exam. The exam lasts 100 minutes and consists of 8-12 tasks with various points. Passing threshold - 50% of points.

Skills acquired as part of the tutorials are verified by two 90-minute colloquia carried out during the tutorials. Exact dates are set with the students. Tests consist of 3-5 tasks differently scored depending on their level of difficulty. In addition, individual problem solving at the blackboard during classes and homeworks are assessed. Passing threshold: 50% of points.

Programme content

Lecture:

1. Basic laws in circuit theory: Kirchoff's voltage and current laws, real circuit and its mathematical model.

2. Linear and nonlinear passive and active elements of analog circuits.

3. Steady state AC circuits - complex numbers method, phasor diagrams.

4. Basic principles, theorems and methods in circuit analysis.

5. Resonant and coupled circuits.



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- 6. Linear circuits with periodic signals.
- 7. Circuit analysis with non-linear elements.
- 8. Transients, methods of time and frequency analysis (Laplace transform).
- 9. Two-port networks and their description by means of matrices: Z, Y, H, A etc. and S.

Tutorials:

- 1. Kirchoff's voltage and current laws.
- 2. Steady-state AC circuits complex numbers method.
- 3. Basic methods of circuit analysis.
- 4. Resonant and coupled circuits.
- 5. Linear circuits with periodic signals.
- 6. Transients, Laplace transform.

Teaching methods

Lecture: traditional lecture, problem lecture

Tutorials: individual solving of tasks given by the teacher, group work, homeworks

Bibliography

Basic

- 1. Introductory Circuit Analysis, Robert L. Boylestad, Prentice Hall PTR, 1987, 2000, 2003, 2007, 2010;
- 2. Classical Circuit Theory, Omar Wing, Springer US, 2009 (online access)

Additional

- 1. Electrical Circuit Theory and Technology, Bird, John, Elsevier Newnes, 2003;
- 2. Circuits Systems with Matlab and PSpice, Won Y. Yang, Seung C. Lee, Wiley, Asia, 2007.
- 3. Linear and Nonlinear Circuits, L.O. Chua, C.A. Desoer, E.S. Kuh , McGraw-Hill Inc., 1987.



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Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	125	5
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	70	3
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for tutorials,	55	2
preparation for tests, preparation for exam) ¹		

¹ delete or add other activities as appropriate